Name	The state of the s	3	SI Units	Period	Date	e
Scientists all over the world use the same system of units so they can communicate information clearly. This system of measurement is called the International System of Units (SI). Metric measurement is based on the number ten and makes calculations with the system relatively easy. By using the following conversion chart, converting from one unit to another is done simply by moving the decimal point:						
Kilo-	Hecto-	Deca-		deci-	centi-	milli-
The blank line in the middle of the conversion chart can change depending on what we are measuring: The unit for length is the meter (m). The unit for mass is the gram (g). The unit for volume is the liter (L).						
PART A What type of m	neasurement i	s indicated i	by each of th	e following u	nits? Choice	es are in the last
column. 1. g/mL	ensity 4	10	nass blume ength	7. mg _ 8. L _ 9. g/cm ³ _	Mass Volum densit	density length mass time volume

PART B

For each of the following commonly used measurements, indicate its symbol. Use the symbols to complete the following sentences with the most appropriate unit. Units may be used more than once or not at all.

ml milliliter
kilogram
meter

milligram millimeter

kilometer
second

centimeter gram

Colas may be purchased in two or three ____ bottles.

2. The mass of a bowling ball is 7.25 _____.

3. The length of the common housefly is about 1 CM.

4. The mass of a paperclip is about 1 M/.

5. One teaspoon of cough syrup has a volume of 5 ML.

6. Stand with your arms raised out to your side. The distance from your nose to your outstretched fingers is about 1 <u>M</u>_.

7. On a statistical basis, smoking a single cigarette lowers your life expectancy by 642,000 , or 10.7 minutes.

PART C KHDbdcm

Convert the following metric measurements:

1000 mg = $\frac{1}{2}$ g 160 cm = $\frac{1}{2}$ mm 109 g = $\frac{1}{2}$ Kg

109 g = 100 Kg 250 m = 250 Km 14 Km = 4000 m

 $1 L = \frac{|000|}{000} mL$ $480 cm = \frac{4.9}{0.00} m$

27 g = .021 kg

198g = 198 Kg

75 mL = .075 L

50 cm = .50 m

16 cm = 160 mm

65 g = 6500 ling

 $2500 \text{ m} = \frac{2.5}{300} \text{ Km}$

355 mL = .355 L

8 mm = <u>8</u> cm

6.3 cm = $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{100}$ mm

5.6 m = 560 cm

 $26,000 \text{ cm} = \frac{260}{100} \text{ m}$

56,500 mm =<u>.b566</u>Km

27.5 mg = <u>. 0275</u>g

923 cm = $\frac{9.23}{1}$ m

 $0.025 \text{ Km} = \frac{2500}{100} \text{ cm}$